

# Requirements Analysis and Verification for the Thirty Meter Telescope with OpenMBEE and the OpenSE Cookbook

Robert Karban

Jet Propulsion Laboratory, California Institute of Technology

#### 13 September 2019 – ESO-TIM, Munich, Germany

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#### **Outline**



#### Introduction

- Thirty Meter Telescope Project (TMT) and MBSE
- OpenSE Cookbook
- TMT Requirements Verification
- JPL Systems Environment
- Summary & Conclusions

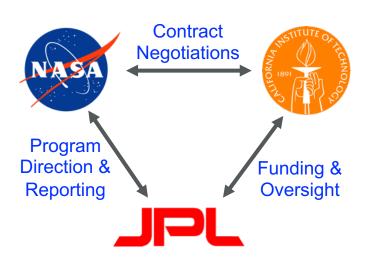
#### Who is Robert?

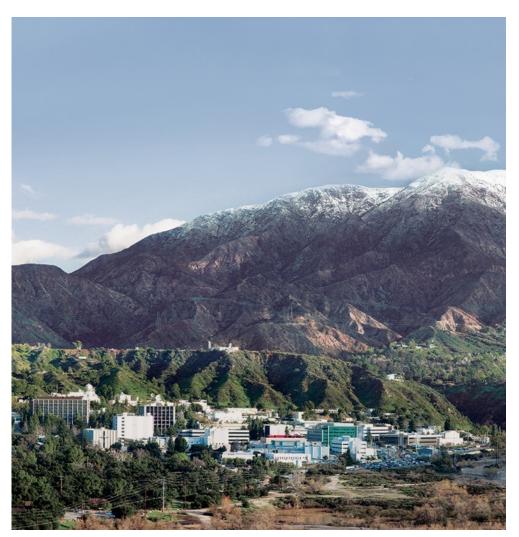


- CAE Project Systems Engineer at NASA's JPL - USA
- Member of INCOSE
- Formerly Control System/Software Engineer and Architect at:
  - European Southern Observatory Germany, Chile
  - CERN Switzerland/France
  - · Siemens Healthcare Austria
- M.Sc. Computer Science (Austria)

## **NASA Jet Propulsion Laboratory (JPL)**

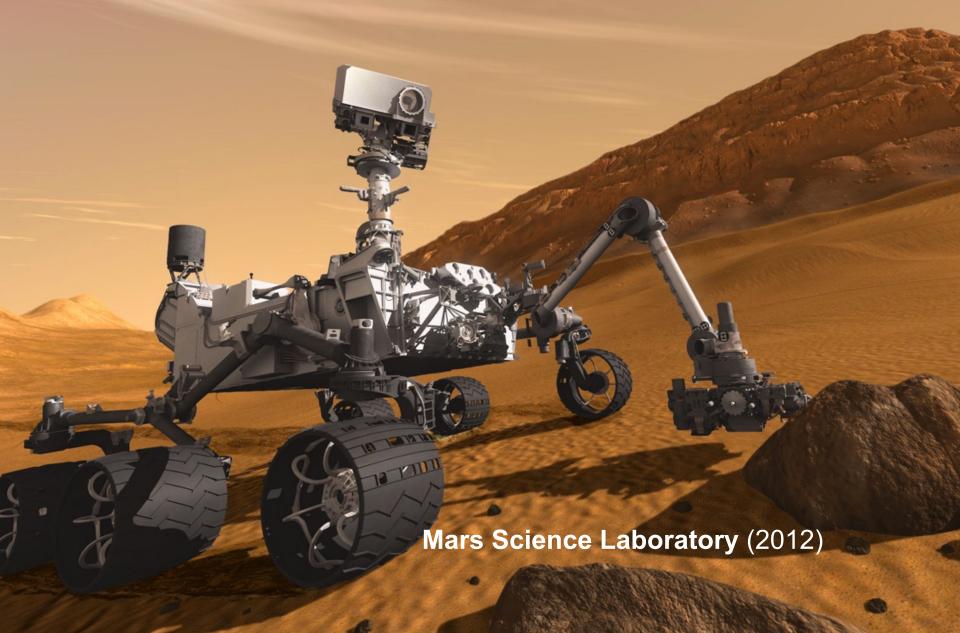
- Located in Pasadena, CA
- NASA-owned "Federally-Funded Research and Development Center"
- University-operated
- ~5,000 employees







## JPL's Mission is Robotic Exploration



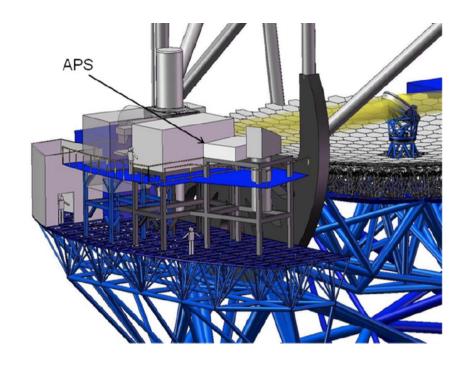
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## Alignment and Phasing System (APS)

- Alignment and diagnostic instrument located on a Nasmyth platform
- Modified Shack-Hartmann wavefront sensor
- Responsible for pre-adaptive optics wavefront quality
- Uses starlight to measure wavefront errors and determine commands to send for aligning optics



## TMT applies "Hybrid" Systems Engineering Approach

#### Traditional SE

- Clear, defined deliverables
- Easily accessible
- Shallow learning curve
- Simple traceability

#### **MBSE**

- Understanding behaviors of a system
- "Rich" capability to represent complex systems

Exploit the advantages of each approach

## **Model Based Systems Engineering**

- MBSE is the formalized application of modeling techniques to support system requirements, design, analysis, verification, validation and documentation activities
- MBSE expresses a system using a Systems Modeling Language (SysML), a profile of UML
- MBSE is often applied with a method like Object Oriented System Engineering Method (OOSEM)
- OOSEM maps onto the ISO systems engineering process and integrates top-down (functional decomposition) approach with model-based approach

## **TMT MBSE Objectives**

- Define an executable SysML model
- Use the model to analyze the system design and verify requirements on power consumption, mass, duration, pointing errors, ...
- Produce engineering documents
  - Requirement Flow Down Document
  - Operational Scenario Document
  - Design Description Document
  - Interface Control Documents
- Use standard languages and techniques, and COTS tools where practical to avoid custom software development

## Applications of MBSE with SysML at JPL

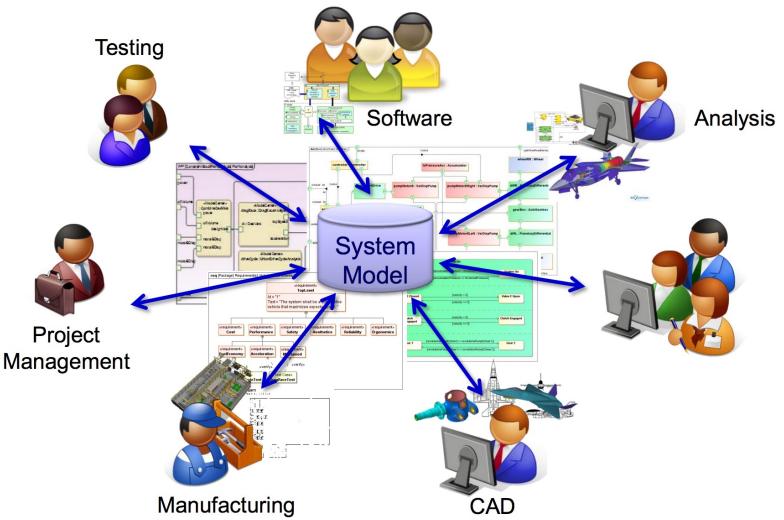
- JPL is already applying MBSE practice in a wide variety of projects, across a number of lifecycle phases
  - Planned mission to Europa / Europa Clipper
  - Mars 2020 (next Mars Rover)
  - InSight
  - Thirty Meter Telescope
  - Ground system development
  - Mars Sample Return
  - Cyber security

Not just spacecraft missions! Not just early phases of design!

- MELs, PELs, resource allocation and analysis, system decomposition, libraries / capturing reusable models, etc.
  - → We use MBSE to do SE

## MBSE is Much More Than Just Applied SysML

Information Management Across All Disciplines and the Life Cycle



Source: Paredis, 2012

## TMT MBSE follows a well defined Modeling Approach

- Object-Oriented Systems Engineering Methodology (OOSEM), but with additional activities focusing on building an executable model
- Use case driven model development
- Challenges:
  - JPL is a supplier for a number of subsystems of the TMT (the customer)
  - Model is used by a number of teams, including TMT

**ESEM = OOSEM + Executability** 

## Executable SE Approach focuses on Key SE Artifacts

- Emphasize executable models to enhance understanding, precision, and verification of requirements
- Executable Systems Engineering Method (ESEM)
   augments the OOSEM activities by enabling executable
   models
  - ESEM defines executable SysML models that verify requirements
  - Includes a set of analysis patterns that are specified with various SysML structural, behavioral and parametric diagrams
  - Also enables integration of supplier/customer models and analysis

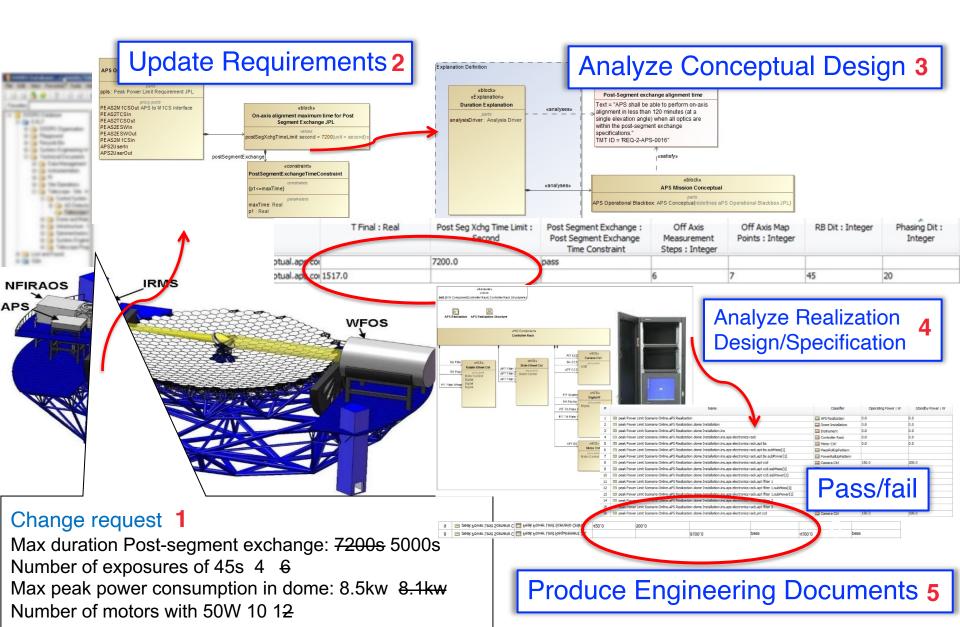
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## OpenSE Cookbook addresses Systems Engineering Concerns

- Provides goal oriented guidance using patterns, e.g.
  - How-to Verify Requirements
  - How-to Roll-up Technical Resources
- Driven by Systems Engineering Workflows
- Enables combining patterns into more complex recipes
- Demonstrates how to build system models with available tooling - How/where do I start?
- Includes known usages in TMT production model as reference
- Commoditizes Executable Systems Engineering

## TMT Analysis workflows drive the OpenSE Cookbook



## Systems Model is developed according to ESEM using Cookbook Patterns

- Define APS Mission boundaries
- Elaborate Conceptual Architecture
- Capture Component Behavior and Characteristics
- Specify Interactions between Components
- Run Analyses

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## Requirements Verification

#### Intent

 Validate requirements, verify as designed system against requirements and publish analysis results

#### Cookbook Volume

System Requirements Management

#### Educational example

Autonomous Ferry Transportation

#### Known Uses

APS - Post-segment exchange timing requirements

#### Tooling

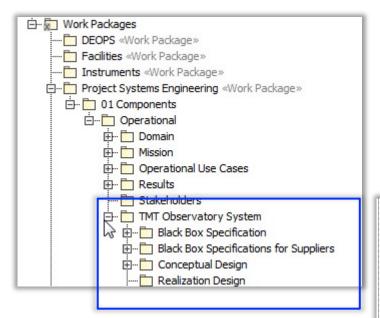
Cameo Systems Modeler and Simulation Toolkit, View Editor

#### Notes

 Property Based Requirements links Requirements Management and System Design

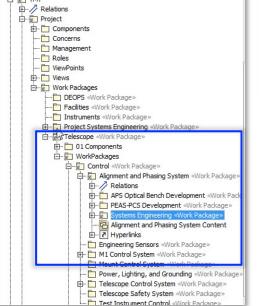
## **Package Organization**

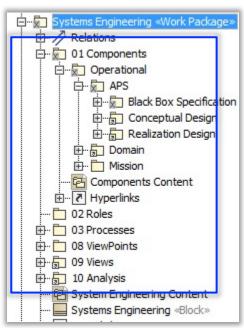
#### **Model Organization Principles**



**Customer / supplier** relationship

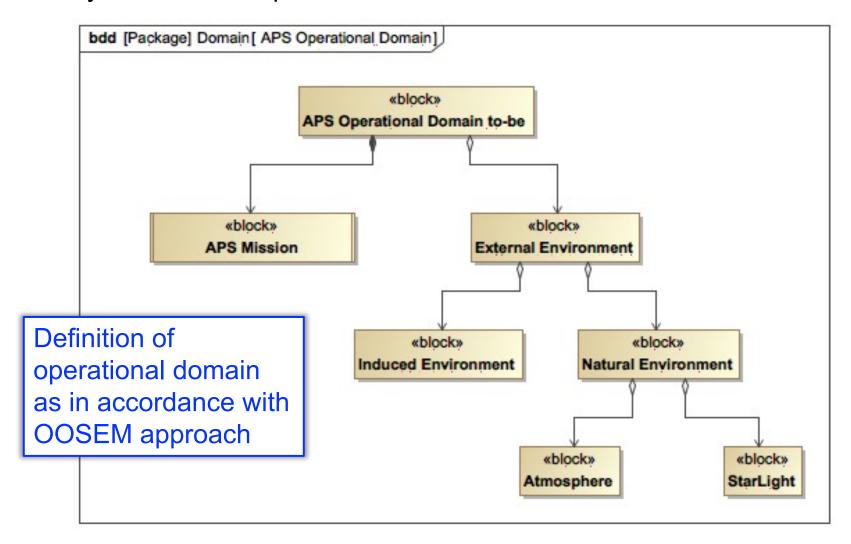


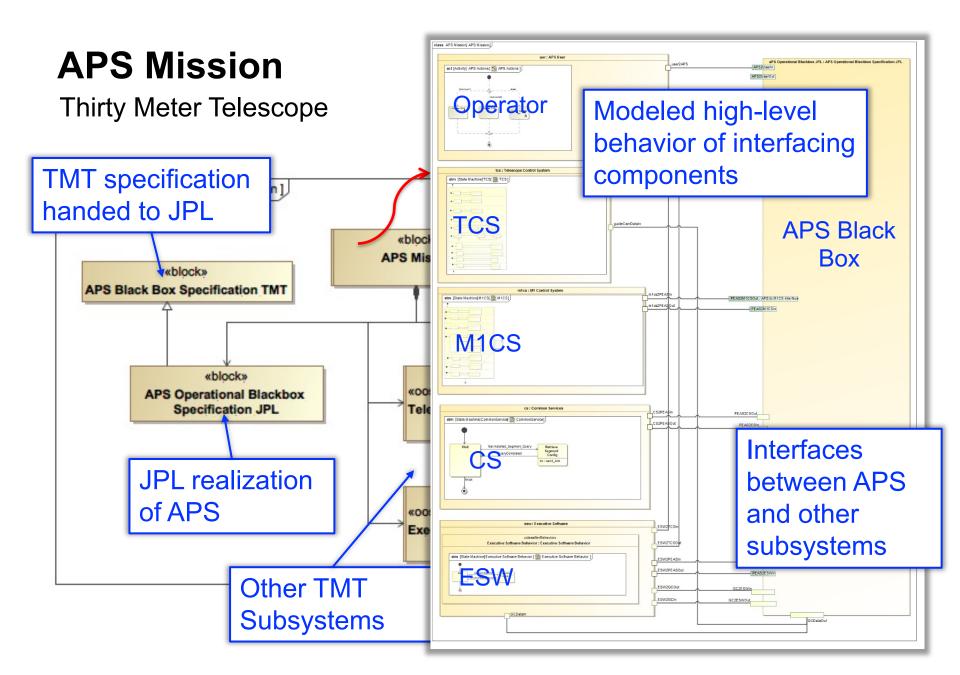




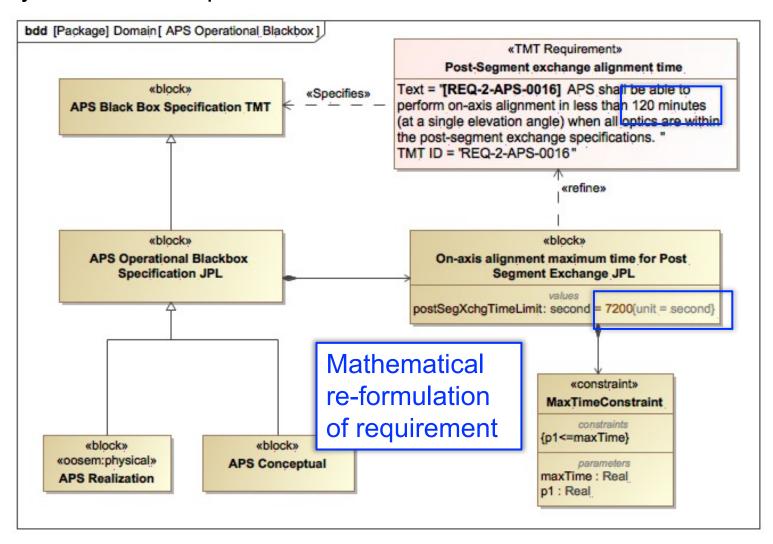
Work breakdown structure

### **Operational Domain**

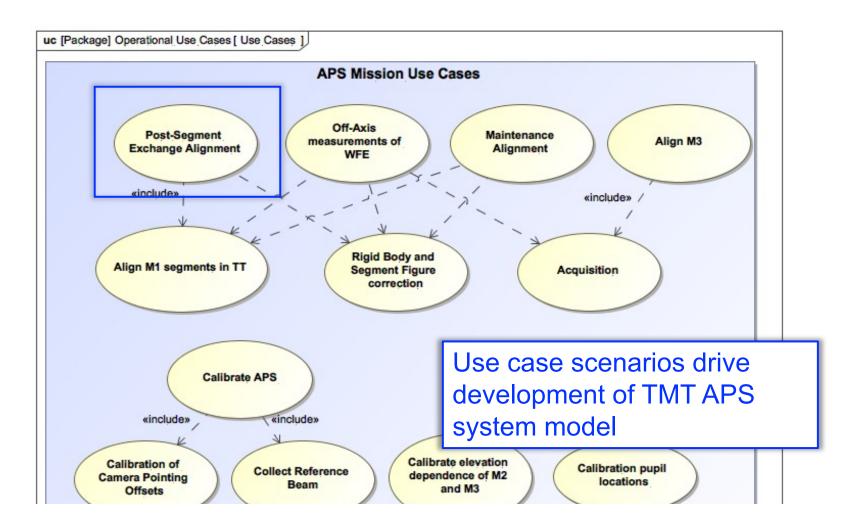




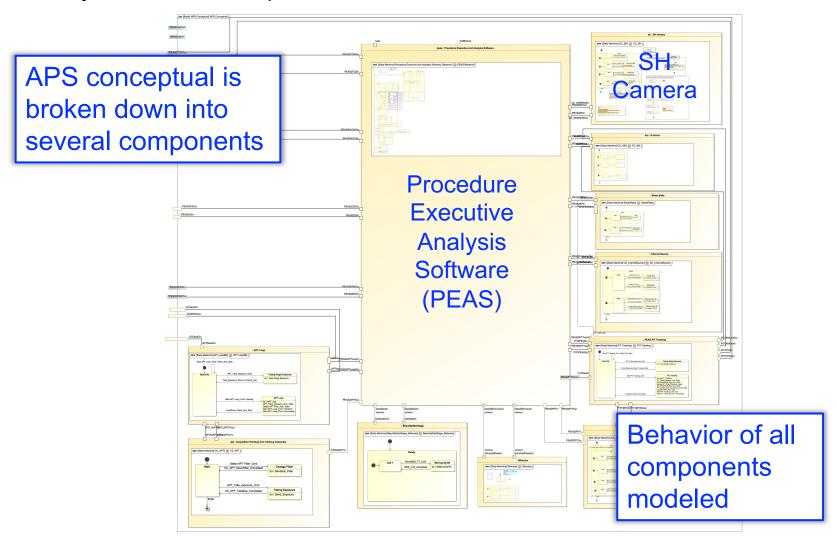
### Formalizing Requirements



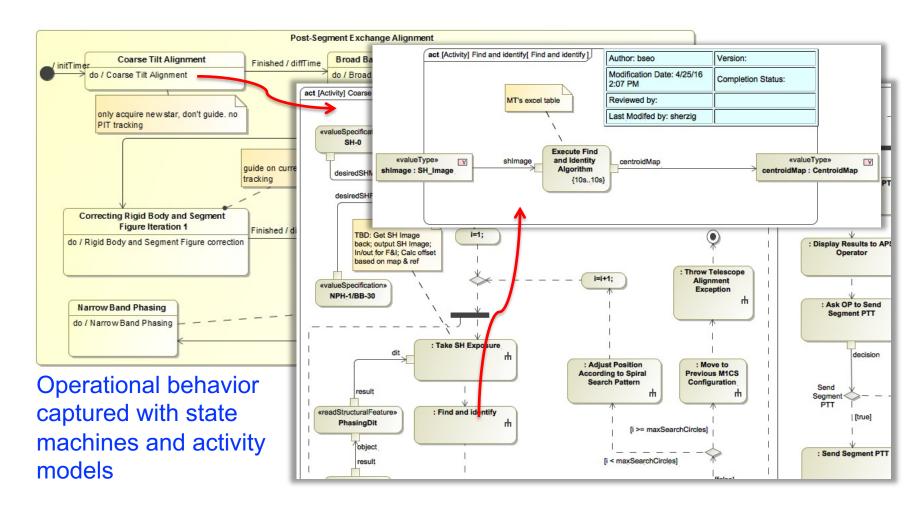
#### **Use Cases**



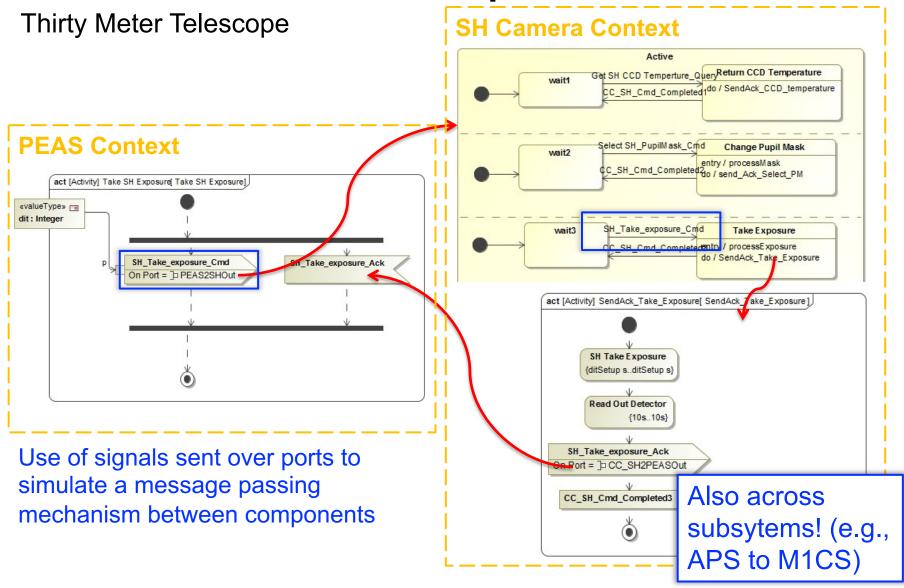
### **Conceptual Architecture**

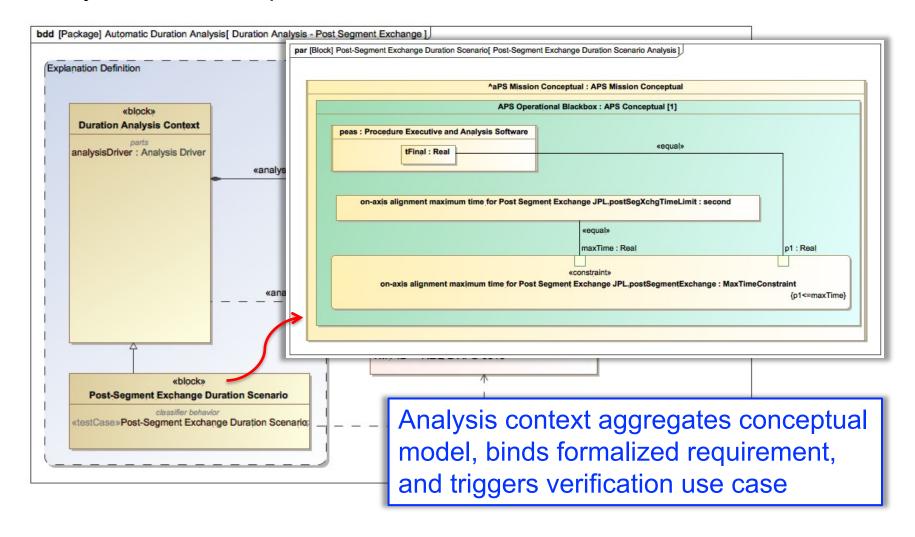


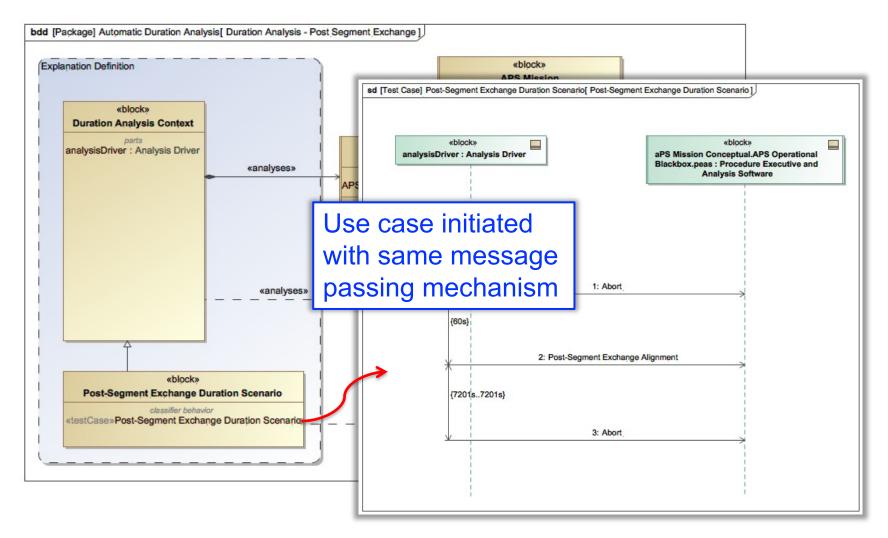
## **Modeling Behavior**

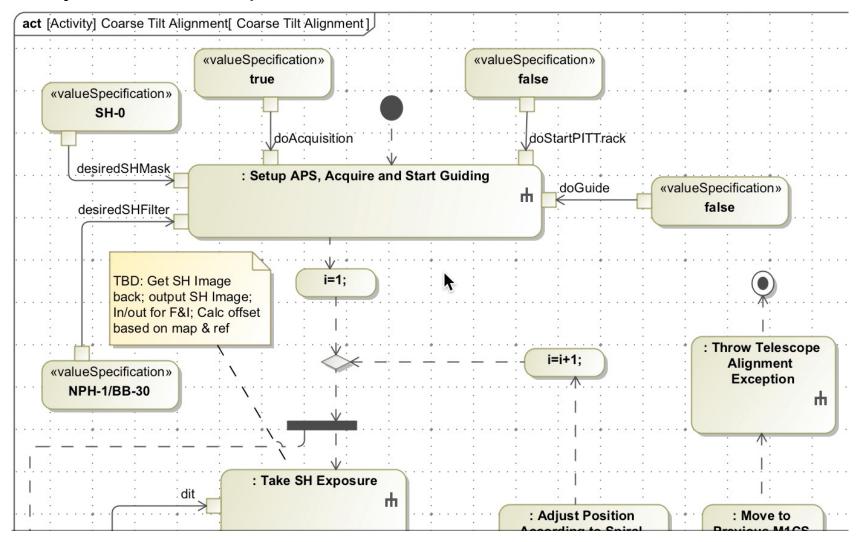


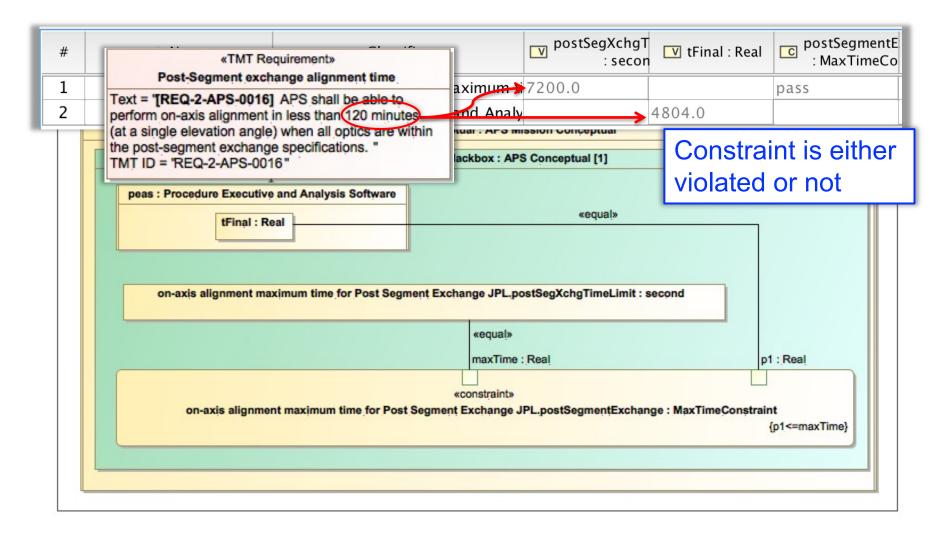
## **Interactions Between Components**





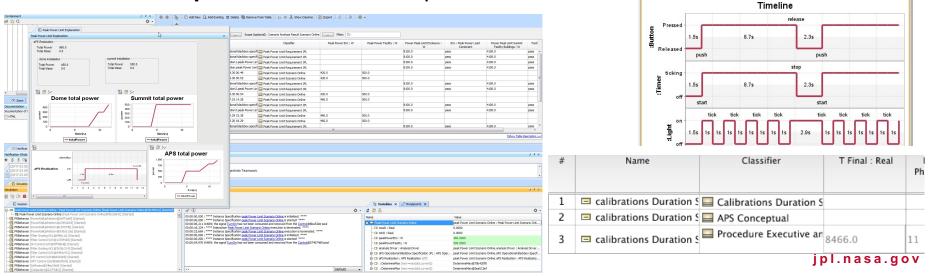




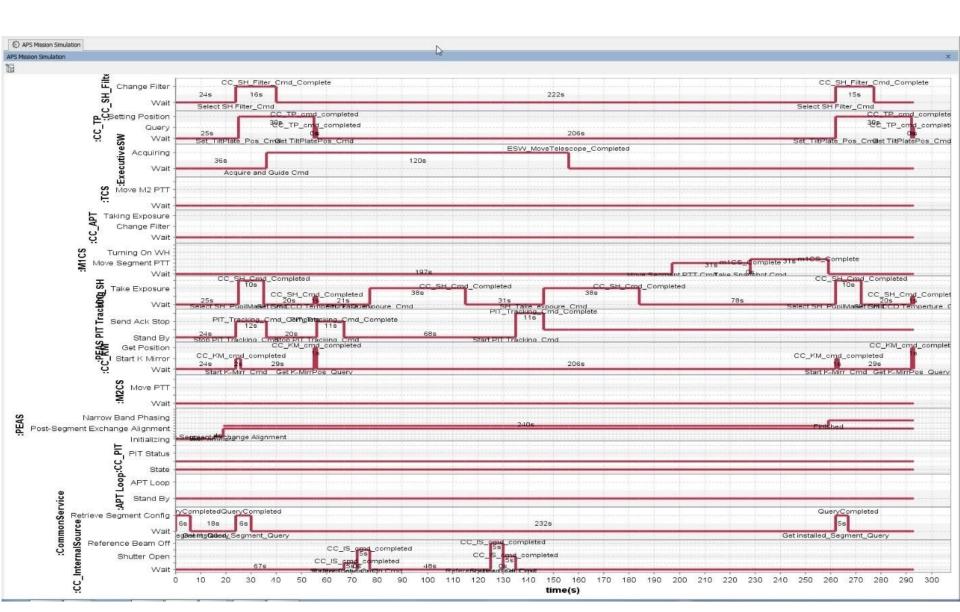


## Run Analyses

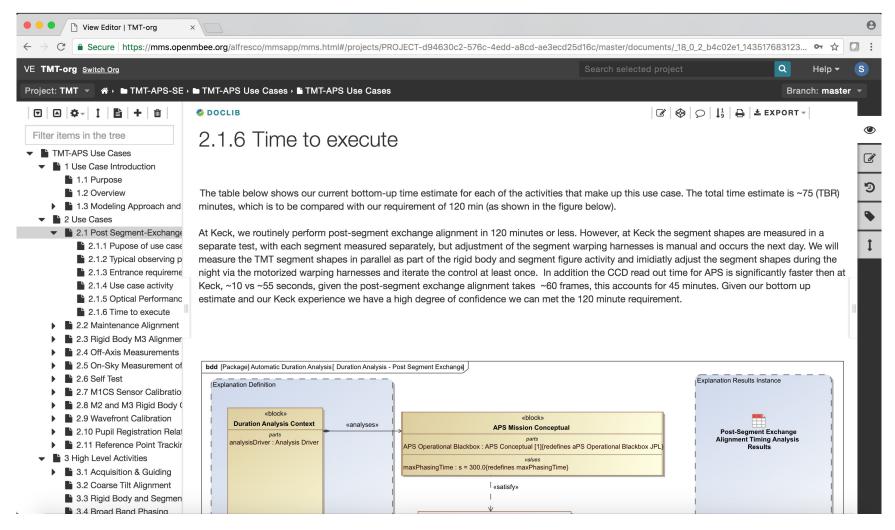
- Run a configured analysis with a simulation engine on the initial conditions to get the final conditions
- Produce the analyses declaratively, repeatably (in any system), without a single line of project-specific code -> reducing time and resources
- Produce the following views on final conditions
  - Table showing final analysis values (e.g. peak power) and the constraint's pass/fail status for each scenario
  - Timelines: state changes for components over time
  - Value profiles: total rolled up values over time



## Timeline of component states

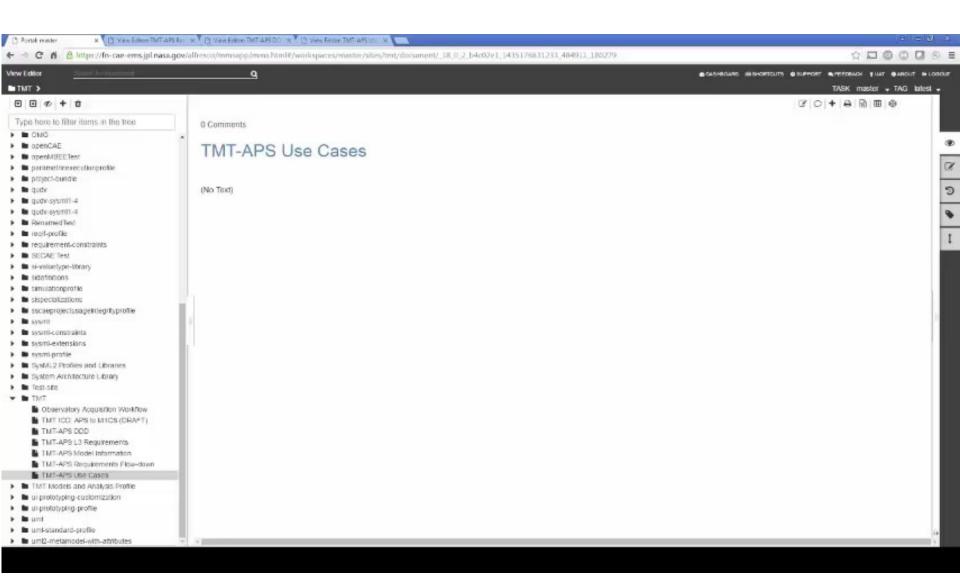


#### **Document & Report Generation via View Editor**



<sup>\*</sup> OpenMBEE / ViewEditor is open source, and available at https://www.openmbee.org

# **System Level Analysis**



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JPL Systems Environment

Summary & Conclusions

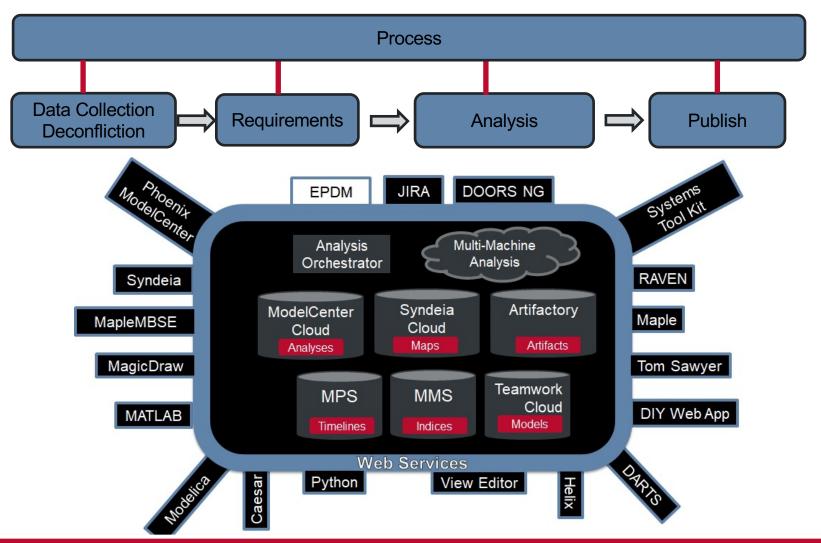
# JPL Computer Aided Engineering (CAE)

- JPL Computer Aided Engineering provides the Laboratory's Engineering Staff and Scientific communities with tools and technical expertise
- Four Environments:
  - Systems Environment
  - Software Environment
  - Mechanical Environment
  - Electrical Environment

# OpenCAE provides the engineering platform

- A platform for engineering tools to work together
- Incorporate tooling from systems, software, mechanical, and electrical domains
- Platform integrates heterogenous data sources
- Emphasize standards for data interchange
- Case studies inform the architecture of the engineering environments
- Multi-model environment

# JPL CAE Systems Environment provides integrated Life-Cycle Support



# JPL develops requirements for Systems Environment (tooling) through Case Studies

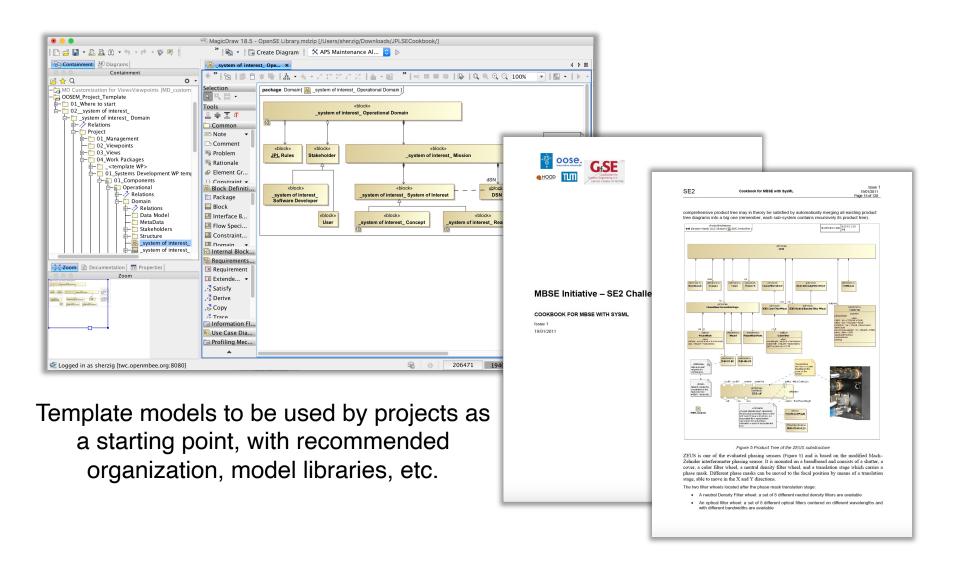
#### For Example:

- Requirements Management
- Interface Management
- Design Management
- Trade Studies
- Interdisciplinary Integration
- Analysis Pipeline
- Resource Management
- Timeline Management

#### OpenSE Cookbook combines different aspects

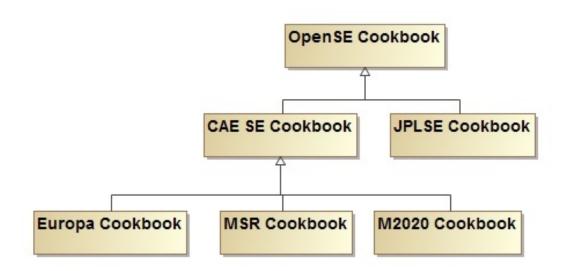
- Update 2012 "Cookbook for MBSE with SysML"
  - Focus on structure and requirements using European FP7 Active Phasing Experiment (APE) as case study
- Include Patterns developed for TMT
  - Focus on behavior and analysis workflows
- Guided by ESEM methodology
- Describe tooling support provided by JPL Systems Environment
- OpenSE model library provides commonly used elements
- Instructional examples
- Application to actual engineering team, i.e. TMT
- Template Models and recommended model organizations

## OpenSE Cookbook and Template Model



## OpenSE Cookbook promotes re-use

- OpenSE Cookbook contributes to JPL institutional and project specific Cookbooks
- Project-independent modeling patterns as guidelines
- Project-specific modeling patterns for common modeling tasks



#### OpenSE Cookbook is used as reference

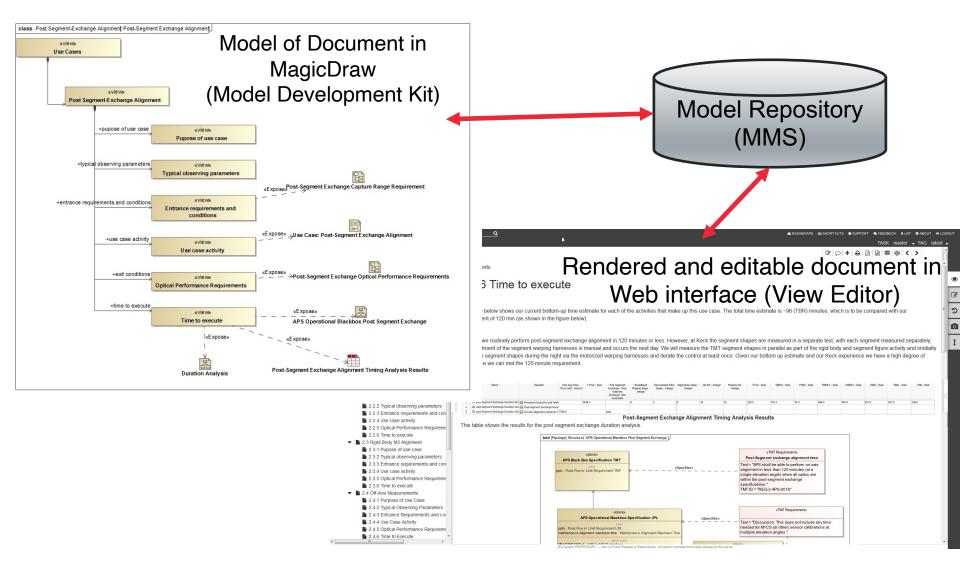
- OpenSE cookbook and TMT model used as reference model for the OMG SysML 2 standard
  - Demonstrate how SysML 2 will improve, simplify, change model wrt SysML 1.x
- Training material and knowledge transfer
- Promote standards and conventions
- Used by vendors as reference to test and evolve products

#### openmbee.org

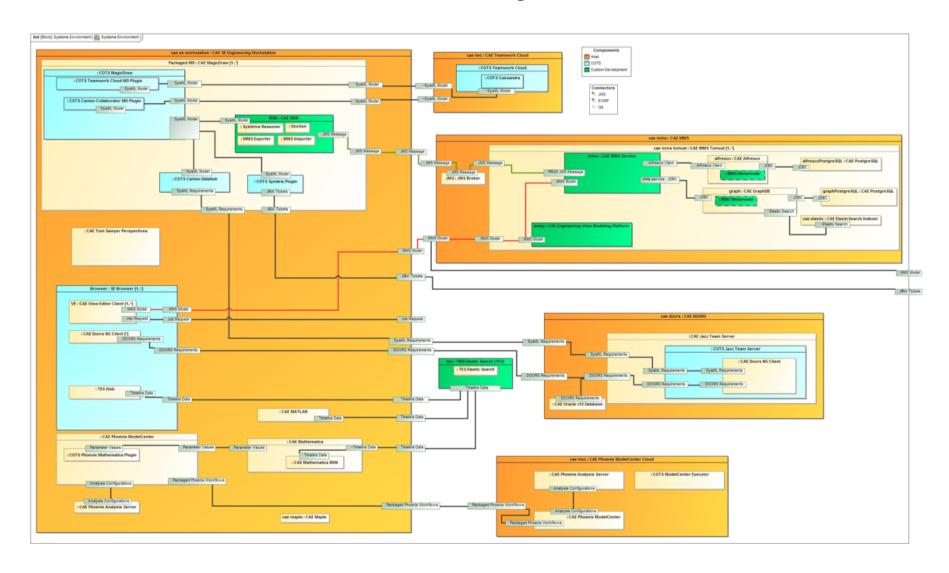
# Open Model Based Engineering Environment

- OpenMBEE is a community for open-source modeling software and models
  - Number of open source software activities
  - Number of open source models
- JPL is a participant and adopter of OpenMBEE software and models
- Along with Boeing, Lockheed, OMG, NavAir, Ford, Stevens, GaTech, ESO
- Vendor participants
- ~200 members

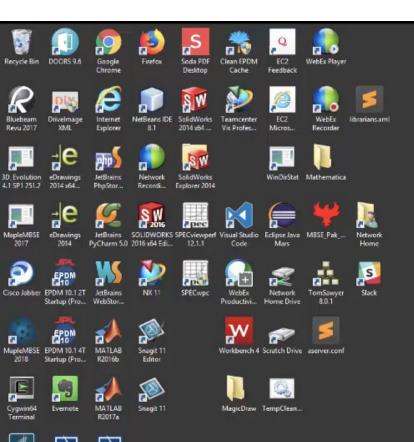
## Core Integration of MMS, MDK, and VE



# **Interactions Within CAE Systems Environment**



# Managed Excel



# Managed Excel in a collaborative environment



Windows Server 2012 R





































#### **Summary & Conclusions**

- JPL is successfully applying MBSE with SysML to numerous projects - large and small – over different life cycle phases
- Clear benefits: early verification, consistency, less ambiguity
- There has been tremendous progress in tools and methods in the past decade – and we're only just starting
  - Many lessons learned, tools, techniques integrated from MBSE practice
  - Strong developments in methodology and theory
- Magnitude of paradigm shift still leads to skepticism and adoption challenges → transition inevitable, but slow

#### **Acknowledgements**

This work was carried out at the Jet Propulsion Laboratory, California Institute of Technology, under a contract with the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

The TMT Project gratefully acknowledges the support of the TMT collaborating institutions. They are the Association of Canadian Universities for Research in Astronomy (ACURA), the California Institute of Technology, the University of California, the National Astronomical Observatory of Japan, the National Astronomical Observatories of China and their consortium partners, and the Department of Science and Technology of India and their supported institutes. This work was supported as well by the Gordon and Betty Moore Foundation, the Canada Foundation for Innovation, the Ontario Ministry of Research and Innovation, the National Research Council of Canada, the Natural Sciences and Engineering Research Council of Canada, the British Columbia Knowledge Development Fund, the Association of Universities for Research in Astronomy (AURA) and the U.S. National Science Foundation.

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- Open Source Engineering Environment: <a href="https://www.openmbee.org">https://www.openmbee.org</a>
- https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/spaceimages/



jpl.nasa.gov

# **BACKUP SLIDES**

# "Static" Rollup Analyses – Example: Mass

Thirty Meter Telescope Use subsetting to bdd [Package] Roll-up Pattern[ Mass Roll-up Pattern ] identify association ends as members of «HW Component» «block» MassRollUpPattern SH "subMass" constraints sum: TotalChildren values (subsets subMass, subsets subPower) totalMass: kg mass: kg[1] = 0.0«HW Component» (subsets subMass, subsets subPower) Rotational Filter Wheel «HW Component» **Pupil Wheel** subMass ' mass: kg [1] = 13.0(redefines mass) par [Block] MassRollUpPattern [ MassRollUpPattern ] subMass: MassRollUpPattern [\*] mass : kg [1] /totalMass: kg «egual» «equal» /totalMass: kg «constraint» Parametric diagram child [\*] «equal» sum: TotalChildren total {total = sum(child)+p} captures analytical Similar patterns for relationships power, error rollup, ...



jpl.nasa.gov